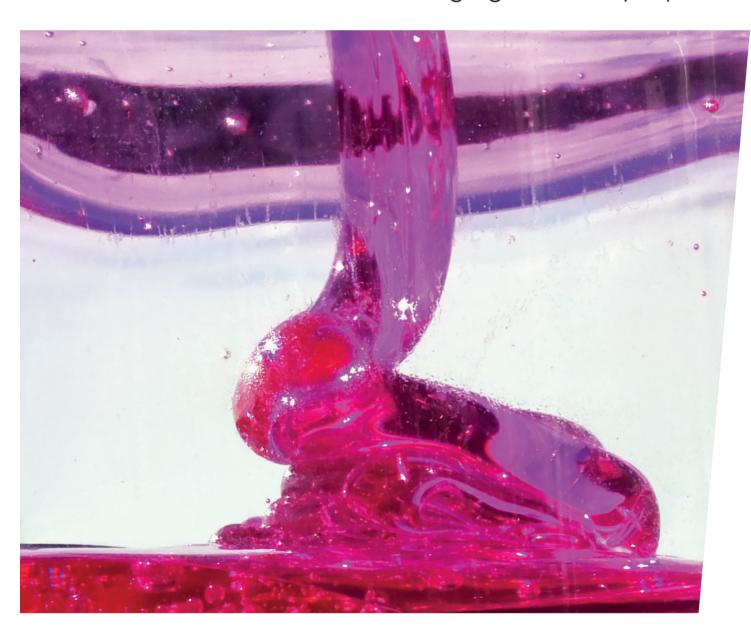


SupresilTM

Extend pot life of silicones to several months without changing material properties



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Platinum (Pt)-cured silicones are gaining in popularity, emphasising addition curing over traditional peroxide methods. This process ensures purity and efficacy, resulting in products with increased strength and superior aesthetics. The rise of Pt-curing marks a significant shift in silicone manufacturing techniques, promising unmatched quality and durability in a variety of applications. When crosslinking is initiated, the curing process starts almost immediately and the resulting silicone typically has a pot life limited to a maximum of a few hours at room temperature. This places significant **practical and technological limitations** on its use:

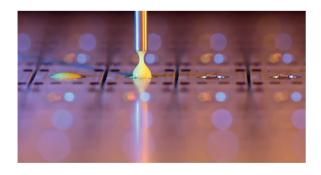
- short processing time
- manufacturing waste
- difficult reproducibility
- inflexible manufacturing process

Our patented formulation greatly increases pot life via reversible inhibition of the crosslinking via hydrosilylation. After deposition, the inhibitors evaporate easily. Normal crosslinking occurs at mild temperatures, even below 80 °C, leading to a fast and complete curing.

Benefits

- reduces production costs: the pot life of silicone mixtures can be extended to several months and beyond
- enables (3D) printing: shelf stable, 1-component silicone inks can be formulated for use with a variety of printing processes including processes like dispensing, screen-printing, aerosoljet-printing, inkjet printing and others
- no change in material properties: through the complete and trace-free removal of the inhibitor during the curing process there is no change in the material or its properties
- applicable to liquid Silicone rubber (LSR) and high consistency rubber (HCR)
- suitable for all Pt-cure resins: no curing at processing temperature and normal curing at curing temperature, orthogonal with other inhibitors
- **environmental:** reduction in waste generation in production process

Application examples



LED production: Supresil™ resins reduce the processing efforts and increase the yield of colour conversion materials without changing their optical properties. The Supresil™ inhibited silicones can be mixed with colour conversion phosphors in large batches, increasing the accuracy and consistency of the colour conversion composites through improved wetting and distribution of the dispensed material and a better dispersion of the phosphors.

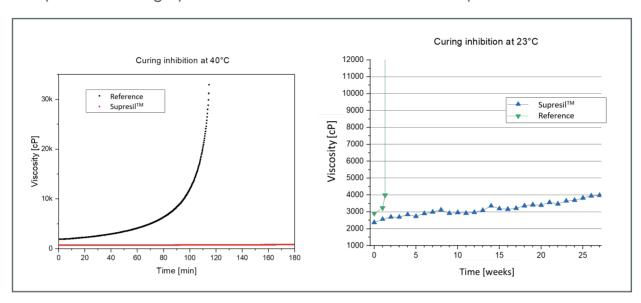


3D printing: Standard LSR formulations are optimised for extrusion and injection moulding machines and are not suitable for 3D printing. By adjusting the rheological behaviour and extending the pot life using JOANNEUM RESEARCH's proprietary reversible curing inhibition, 3D printing is now possible.

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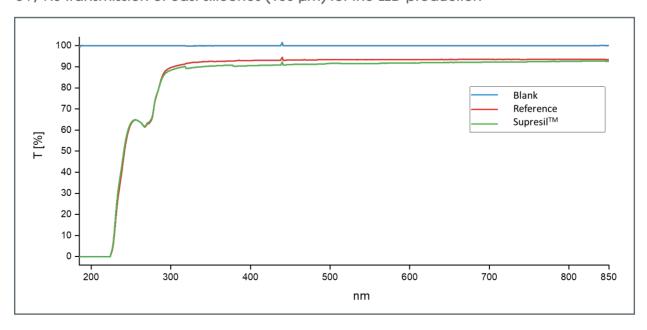
Comparison of curing dynamics of standard silicone resins with SupresilTM inhibited resins



All material properties of the silicones are preserved (through complete and trace-free removal of the inhibitor)

- **physical:** shrinkage, Shore hardness, storage modulus
- optical: UV/VIS transmission, no "yellowing", refractive index
- **biocompatibility:** relevant for medical grade resins / formulations
- unaltered production: viscosity, reproducibility

UV/VIS Transmission of cast silicones (100 μ m) for the LED production





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